- (2) Paragraph (g)(1) of this section does not apply to—
- (i) An employee of the Postal Service who works on a part-time flexible schedule: or
- (ii) A temporary, intermittent decennial census worker.
- (3) If an employee's annual pay includes premium pay or availability pay under paragraphs (e), (f), or (g) of this section, the annual pay is determined by multiplying the employee's annual rate of basic pay by the applicable percentage factor.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the annual pay for a phased retiree, as defined in 5 U.S.C. 8336a and 8412a, is deemed to be the rate of a full-time employee in the position to which the phased retiree is appointed, as determined under 5 CFR 831.1715(a)(2) or 848.205(a)(2), as applicable

[62 FR 48731, Sept. 17, 1997; 62 FR 52181, Oct. 6, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 64595, Nov. 23, 1998; 75 FR 60577, Oct. 1, 2010; 79 FR 46637, Aug. 8, 2014]

## §870.205 Amount of Optional insurance.

- (a) Option A coverage is \$10,000. Effective for pay periods beginning on or after October 30, 1998, Option A cannot exceed this amount. Exception: This does not apply to annuitants who retired with a higher amount of Option A before the removal of the maximum on Basic insurance (the first pay period beginning on or after October 30, 1998).
- (b)(1) Option B coverage comes in 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 multiples of an employee's annual pay (after the pay has been rounded to the next higher thousand, if not already an even thousand). Effective for pay periods beginning on or after October 30, 1998, there is no maximum amount for each multiple.

NOTE: If an employee's pay is "capped" by law, the amount of the Option B insurance is based on the capped amount, which is the amount the employee is actually being paid. It is not based on the amount the employee's pay would have been without the pay cap.

(2) The amount of Option B coverage automatically changes whenever annual pay is increased or decreased by an amount sufficient to raise or lower pay to a different \$1,000 bracket.

(c) Effective April 24, 1999, Option C coverage comes in 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 multiples of the following amounts: \$5,000 on the death of a spouse and \$2,500 on the death of an eligible child. Payments are made to the insured individual.

[62 FR 48731, Sept. 17, 1997, as amended at 64 FR 72461, Dec. 28, 1999; 75 FR 60577, Oct. 1, 2010]

## § 870.206 Accidental death and dismemberment.

- (a)(1) Accidental death and dismemberment coverage is an automatic part of Basic and Option A insurance for employees.
- (2) There is no accidental death and dismemberment coverage with Option B or Option C.
- (3) Individuals who are insured as annuitants or compensationers do not have accidental death and dismemberment coverage.
- (b)(1) Under Basic insurance, accidental death benefits are equal to the BIA, but without the age factor described in \$870.202(c).
- (2) Under Option A, accidental death benefits are equal to the amount of Option A.
- (c)(1) Under Basic insurance, accidental dismemberment benefits for the loss of a hand, foot, or the vision in one eye are equal to one-half the BIA. For loss of 2 or more of these in a single accident, benefits are equal to the BIA.
- (2) Under Option A, accidental dismemberment benefits for the loss of a hand, foot, or the vision in one eye are equal to one-half the amount of Option A. For loss of 2 or more of these in a single accident, benefits are equal to the amount of Option A.
- (3) Accidental dismemberment benefits are paid to the employee.
- (4) Accidental death benefits are paid to the employee's beneficiaries.

[75 FR 60577, Oct. 1, 2010]

## Subpart C—Eligibility

## §870.301 Eligibility for life insurance.

- (a) Each nonexcluded employee is automatically insured for Basic insurance unless he/she waives it.
- (b)(1) Optional insurance must be specifically elected; it is not automatic.